

Joy Enamorada

Stewards Summary

Review of race:

Joy Enamorada broke quickly from the gate, but was pulled up abruptly soon after the start while approaching the five-eighths pole. It was apparent that the filly had suffered an injury and required the assistance of the KHRC veterinarians and the horse ambulance.

Trainer:

William Duvall said that he claimed the horse for himself at Ellis Park in July 2022. He stated that he raced and worked the horse fairly regularly. Duvall described the filly as “feisty” and a horse that required minimal vet work. He did not think that the racing surface was a factor.

Jockey:

Jane Elliott stated that she had ridden the filly in several of her previous races and had also been aboard her for morning workouts. She said that the filly warmed up normally and no different than in her past races. Elliott said that the horse sprinted away from the gate and only went a furlong or so when the incident occurred without warning. She initially thought that maybe the filly had clipped heels while inside of several horses, but soon realized that the horse was injured and quickly pulled her up and dismounted.

Veterinary Review

- This 4-year-old filly, owned and trained by William Duvall, ran at Turfway Park on March 9, 2023 in a claiming \$15,000 race. This race was run at 6 ½ furlongs over a fast Tapeta track.
- This filly pulled up near the 5/8ths pole with an injury to the RF fetlock. The KHRC veterinarian and the horse ambulance responded. The filly was sedated, a Kimzey splint was applied and she was loaded onto the ambulance. She was taken to the barn where radiographs were taken by the private veterinarian. After consultation with the trainer, the filly was euthanized due to a poor prognosis.
- The body was submitted to the University of Kentucky Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory for necropsy. The horse was insured.

Review of pre-race exam findings and exam history

- A review of pre-race exam findings for the Case horse and unaffected cohorts (Controls) from the same race was performed. These horses were moderately campaigned in their racing careers. Pre-race exam findings were consistent with horses at this stage of their careers. All horses in this race were deemed sound in the pre-race exams with no persistent gait abnormalities noted. Scrutiny during the warmup on track prior to the race revealed no gait abnormalities.

Review of the 60-day treatment report

The trainer's veterinarian provided veterinary records for the previous 60 days. Veterinary work was very minimal and routine.

Analysis of risk factors and other criteria (case horse compared to uninjured cohorts)

- Age at first start
Case horse: 1035 days
Controls range: 841-1348 days
Controls mean: 1009 days
Comments: Within the range of controls.
- Age at first breeze
Case horse: 715 days
Controls range: 765-1293 days
Controls mean: 901 days
Comments: Below the range of controls.
- Age on 3/9/2023
Case horse: 1400 days
Controls range: 1020-2240 days
Controls mean: 1606 days
Comments: Within the range of controls.
- Owner/breeder?
Case horse: No
Controls horses: No: 9/11, Yes: 2/11
- Horse acquired through claim?
Case horse: Yes
Control horses: Yes: 8/11, No: 3/11
- Days in training (1st published work to race date)
Case horse: 686 days
Controls range: 494-1404 days
Controls mean: 776 days
Comment: Within the range of controls.
- Cumulative high-speed furlongs (racing and training)
Case horse: 166.5 f
Controls range: 138-423 f
Controls mean: 228 f
Comments: Within the range of controls

- High-speed furlongs per day in training (Day 1=date of 1st published work)

Case horse: .243 f/day

Control horses range: .207-.565 f/day

Control mean: .303 f/day

Comments: Within the range of controls.

- Interval from previous start

Case horse: 56 days

Control horses range: 13-199 days

Control horses mean: 40 days

Comment: Within the range of controls.

- First time starter?

Case horse: No

Control horses: No: 11/11

- Apprentice Jockey?

Case horse: No

Control horses: No: 11/11

- Drop in class from previous start?

Case horse: No

Control horses: No: 10/11, Yes: 1/11

- Double drop in class from previous start?

Case horse: No

Control horses: No: 11/11

- Raise in class from previous start?

Case horse: Yes

Control horses: Yes: 4/11, No: 7/11

- Number of times claimed in the preceding 6 months

Case horse: 0

Control horses: 0: 4/11, 1: 4/11, 2: 3/11

- Number of starts in preceding 30 days

Case horse: 0

Control horses: 0: 3/11, 1: 7/11, 2: 1/11

- Number of starts in preceding 60 days

Case horse: 1

Control horses: 0: 1/11, 1: 4/11, 2: 4/11, 3: 2/11

- Cumulative high-speed furlongs in preceding 30 days
Case horse: 5 f
Control horses range: 0-17 f
Control horses mean: 8.2 f
Comments: Within the range of controls.
- Cumulative high-speed furlongs in preceding 60 days
Case horse: 9.5 f
Control horses range: 12.5-28 f
Control horses mean: 18 f
Comments: Below the range of controls.
- Number of layoffs ≥ 30 days in preceding 6 months
Case horse: 1
Control horses: 0: 1/11, 1: 3/11, 2: 2/11, 3: 4/11, 4: 1/11
- First start off ≥ 60 day layoff?
Case horse: No
Control horses: No: 10/11, Yes: 1/11
- Second start off ≥ 60 day layoff?
Case horse: No
Control horses: No: 9/11, Yes: 2/11
- Length of ≥ 60 day layoff ending in the preceding 6 months
Case horse: N/A
Control horses range (n=6) 71-307 days
Control horses mean: 172 days
- History of being vet listed
Case horse: Yes for meds
Control horses: No: 7/11, Yes: 4/11, four for meds, one injury, one sick, one EIPH

Review of necropsy and Drug Testing results

- **Drug testing:** No prohibited substances detected. No therapeutic medication detected above regulatory threshold concentrations.

Note: Only blood was submitted for analysis. Urine collection does not usually occur for horses euthanized. The diagnostic laboratory is instructed to collect urine if it is present in the horse's bladder, but it rarely is. While a blood-only sample is subjected to the broadest scope of analysis possible, that scope is reduced compared to what can be applied to a paired blood/urine sample

- **Necropsy report:**

Musculo-skeletal diagnosis: Right forelimb: There were biaxial, comminuted sesamoid fractures. Soft tissue damage in the area was severe. Both carpi had degeneration of the bone

and cartilage of the dorsal facet of the third carpal bone with loss of cartilage. There were corresponding lesions on the radial carpal bone.

Lung: Moderate, diffuse, pulmonary congestion and hemorrhage.

Heart: Minimal, multifocal, subacute lymphocytic myocarditis (background lesion).

Liver: Mild multifocal, subacute, suppurative and lymphoplasmacytic hepatitis (background lesion).

Stomach: Moderate, multifocal, subacute, squamous ulceration and hyperkeratosis.

No significant lesions: brain, kidney, spleen, small and large intestine.

Conclusions (below)

- **Horse specific factors:** This horse had a number of high-speed furlongs in the past 60 days which was below the control horses number. This factor triggers increased scrutiny in the pre-race and warmup exams. No gait abnormality was noted in either of these exams.
- **Race specific factors:** None
- **Other factors:** None